

Instructions: You can consult only your own lecture notes and photocopies/print-outs of slides and materials from any textbook. Exchange of lecture notes is strictly prohibited. Read the questions carefully. State all assumptions clearly. All abbreviations carry usual meanings.

$[\sigma = 5.67 \times 10^{-8} \text{ W m}^{-2} \text{ K}^{-4}$; Wien's constant = 2897.9 K μm ; $h = 6.626 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J s}$; $H = 8 \text{ km}$]

- In a hypothetical spherical planet, atmosphere is composed of only greenhouse gases. Transmittance at SW and LW are 1 and 0.2. Solar constant of the planet is 3000 W m^{-2} and planetary albedo is 0.5. Assume uniform atmospheric emission in both upward and downward directions. [No need to derive equation] (Marks 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 = 8)
 - Ignoring any energy transfer via sensible and latent heat, calculate the atmospheric temperature of the planet at radiative equilibrium.
 - In presence of what kind of atmosphere, surface temperature of the planet will rise above 360 K?
 - If clouds form in the planet and as a result SW transmittance changes to 0.7, calculate the TOA SW cloud radiative forcing. Cloud SW absorptance is zero.
 - If the clouds emit 155 W m^{-2} , calculate the peak wavelength of cloud emission. Assume $\epsilon_{\text{cloud}} = 0.7$.
- Answer the following questions based on radiosonde data shown below and meteorological observations. 50% of the sky is covered by cloud. Southerly wind is blowing at a speed 9.5 km/hr at the surface. There is no change in surface pressure for the last 3 hours. (Marks 4 + 2 + 2 = 8)

Altitude (km)	T (K)	RH (%)	Pressure (hPa)
0	288	70	Not measured
1	277	80	886.91
2	266	90	782.69
3	255	100	690.72

- Draw the weather station model for the site for meteorological conditions at surface.
 - Is the condition suitable for dispersion of pollutants? Briefly explain your answer.
 - If the site is located at the east coast (coastline oriented in north-south), do you expect upwelling or downwelling in the coastal ocean and why?
- Write 'True' or 'False' with reason. Answer any two. (Marks 2 + 2 = 4)
 - In another ~11,500 years, India will experience cooler climate in July than in January.
 - One needs to know global vegetation pattern to estimate water-vapour climate feedback.
 - $\delta_{18\text{O}}$ is known as 'paleo-thermometer' of the Earth.