

CHL771 Minor - II (closed book and notes)

Duration: 1 hr

Max Marks: 20

11th Oct 2015

Q1. What are the limitations of the unit-specific event-based model of Ierapetritou and Floudas (1998) for batch scheduling? [3 M]

Q2. What is the purpose of 'idle task' used in the slot-based model of Sundaramoorthy & Karimi (2005)? [2 M]

Q3. Explain the meaning of following sequencing constraints used in the general-precedence based model of Mendez & Cerda (2002). [4 M]

$$T^s(i') \geq T^f(i) + CL_{ii'} + Su_j - M(1 - X_{ii'}) - M(2 - W(i, j) - W(i', j)) \quad \forall i, i' \in J_{ii'}, i < i'$$

$$T^s(i) \geq T^f(i') + CL_{i'i} + Su_j - MX_{ii'} - M(2 - W(i, j) - W(i', j)) \quad \forall i, i' \in J_{ii'}, i < i'$$

Q4. Explain the differences between cyclic scheduling and short-term scheduling. [3 M]

Q5. Explain the basis behind formulation of following inventory breakpoints in cyclic scheduling model of Pinto & Grossmann (1994). [5 M]

$$I1_m = I0_m + \alpha_{im} R_{im} \min \left\{ \sum_k T_{ik(m+1)}^s - \sum_k T_{ikm}^s, \sum_k T_{ikm}^p \right\}$$

$$I2_m = I1_m + (\alpha_{im} R_{im} - R_{i(m+1)}) \max \left\{ 0, \sum_k T_{ikm}^e - \sum_k T_{ik(m+1)}^s \right\}$$

$$I3_m = I2_m - R_{i(m+1)} \min \left\{ \sum_k T_{ik(m+1)}^p, \sum_k T_{ik(m+1)}^e - \sum_k T_{ikm}^e \right\}$$

$$I3_m = I0_m$$

Q6. Explain the differences between no-intermediate storage (NIS) and zero-wait (ZW) policies for batch vs continuous plants. [3 M]

