

$a_1 \rightarrow a_2 \rightarrow a_3 \rightarrow a_4$
 ~~a_{n+1}~~
 $\rightarrow a_{n+1} = a_n$
 $\rightarrow a_n$
 $S_n - S_1 = a_1 - a_2 - a_3 - \dots$

Department of Mathematics
 MTL 100: Calculus
 2016-17: Semester I
 Minor 1

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Please begin the answer to each question on a new page, and give adequate explanation for full credit.

1. Let A and B be two nonempty sets of real numbers such that $A \cup B = (0, 1)$. Prove that this implies $(\inf A) \cdot (\inf B) = 0$, or give an example of sets A and B for which $(\inf A) \cdot (\inf B) > 0$. [4]

2. If $|a_n| < 2$ and $|a_{n+2} - a_{n+1}| \leq \frac{1}{8}|a_{n+1}^2 - a_n^2|$ for $n \geq 1$, prove that the sequence $\{a_n\}$ converges. [4]

3. Discuss the convergence for the following two series:

(a) $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n^{-1-1/n}$

(b) $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} (\ln n)^p$, where $p < 0$.

[2+2]

4. Prove that an alternating series $\sum (-1)^{n-1} a_n$ converges if $\{a_n\}$ is a nonincreasing sequence of positive real numbers that tends to 0. Further prove that if the series converges to S , then

$$|S - S_n| < a_{n+1}$$

for each $n \geq 1$ and $S_n = \sum_{i=1}^n (-1)^{i-1} a_i$. [4]

5. Let $f : [0, 1] \rightarrow [0, 1]$ be given by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x & \text{if } x \text{ is rational;} \\ 1-x & \text{if } x \text{ is irrational.} \end{cases}$$

Discuss the continuity of f in $[0, 1]$ giving an $\epsilon - \delta$ argument. [4]