

MTL 101  
LINEAR ALGEBRA AND DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS  
MAJOR: PART A

**Notation:**  $x'(t)$ ,  $x''(t)$  and  $x'''(t)$  denote the first, second and third derivatives of function  $x$  with respect to variable  $t$ , respectively.

**PART A: 10:00 to 11:20.**

**No Submission is allowed after 11:20.**

**If you submit PART A with PART B, it will not be graded.**

**Question 1: (3 Marks)** Find the orthogonal trajectories of the family of curves  $x = ce^{t^2}$ .

**Question 2: (5 Marks)** Consider the IVP

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = \frac{\cos x}{1 - t^2}, \quad x(0) = x_0,$$

with  $x_0 \in \mathbb{R}$ . Find the largest interval  $|t| < h$  on which the existence and uniqueness theorem guarantees a unique solution.

**Question 3: (4 Marks)** Solve the following ODE

$$(xdt + tdx) t \cos\left(\frac{x}{t}\right) = (tdx - xdt) x \sin\left(\frac{x}{t}\right).$$

**Question 4: (6 Marks)** Consider the differential operator with constant coefficients

$$L = \frac{d^2}{dt^2} - 2\frac{d}{dt} + 1$$

and let  $f(t) = \sin(t) + e^t + t$ .

(a) Determine  $M$ , a linear differential operator with constant coefficients, such that it annihilates  $f$ .

(b) Taking into account **part(a)**, find the general solution of  $L(x(t)) = f(t)$  using the method of undetermined coefficients.

**Question 5: (8 Marks)** Consider the differential equation

$$t^3 x''' + t^2 x'' - 2x = 1 \tag{1}$$

(a) Reduce (1) into an ODE with constant coefficients and find the corresponding first order system.

(b) Find the fundamental matrix of the first order system obtained in **part(a)**.

(c) Using the method of variation of parameters for the first order system obtained in **part(a)**, find the general solution of (1).

**END OF PART A**