

# MAJOR TEST

EPL 208: Principles of Electrodynamics & Plasmas

Attempt all problems.

April 30, 2008

Time: 2 hrs

M. Marks: 50

- 1) An em wave is normally incident on free space - magnetoplasma interface <sup>(z=0)</sup> with  $\vec{B}_0 \parallel \hat{z}$ . The fields of the incident and reflected waves are;  $\vec{E}_{inc} = \hat{x} A e^{-i(\omega t - \omega z/c)}$   
 $\vec{E}_{ref} = -\frac{\hat{y}}{2} A e^{-i(\omega t + \omega z/c)}$ . Estimate  $\omega_c/\omega$  ( $\omega_c$  being the electron cyclotron frequency). Neglect ion motions & collisions. (8)
- 2A) An electric field  $\vec{E} = \hat{y} E_0 \cos \omega t$  is induced in a tokamak plasma via transformer action. Treating plasma as a resistive inductor of inductance  $L \approx \mu_0 \pi R$ , where  $R$  is the major radius, plot qualitatively the time average heating rate of plasma as a function of electron temperature. (5)
- 2B) Explain the phenomenon of resonance mode conversion of laser into a plasma wave. (3)
- 3) A hot plasma, placed in ~~an~~ static <sup>electric and</sup> magnetic fields  $(\vec{E}_0 \parallel \hat{y}, \vec{B}_0 \parallel \hat{z})$  has equilibrium density  $n_0 = n_0^0 (1 + y/Ln)$ . Obtain the equilibrium drift velocity of electrons. The equilibrium is perturbed by an electrostatic wave  $\phi = A \cos(\omega t - k_x x - k_z z)$ . Obtain the density perturbations. (8)
- 4) A hydrogen ion beam of density  $n_{0b}$  and drift  $v_{0b} \hat{z}$  is launched in a doubly ionized helium plasma of ion density  $n_{0i} \gg n_{0b}$ , ion temperature  $T_i \approx 0$ , electron temperature  $T_e$ . Obtain the growth rate of ion acoustic wave. (9)

5A) An antenna array has antennas placed at  $(md_1, nd_2, 0)$  with currents  $I_0 e^{-i(\omega t - m\phi_x - n\phi_y)}$  and length  $d\vec{l} \parallel \hat{z}$ ;  $m = 0, 1, 2, \dots, M$ ,  $n = 0, 1, 2, \dots, N$ .

Estimate the requisite values of  $\phi_x$ ,  $\phi_y$  so that the radiation is maximum along  $\hat{n} = (\frac{1}{2}\hat{x} + \frac{1}{2}\hat{y} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\hat{z})$ . (5)

5B) An em wave propagating in a weakly collisional plasma has  $\vec{E} = \hat{y} A e^{-\frac{\omega}{c}(1-i0.07)x} e^{-i(\omega t - \frac{\omega}{c}z)}$ . Estimate  $v(\omega)$ . Write the equations of <sup>the</sup> plane of constant amplitude and the wavefront. (4)

6) Derive the dispersion relation for a surface plasma wave over an interface between two conductors. Plot the dispersion relation. (8)