



PYL422/EPL446 Spintronics

Total marks: 15

Time: 45 min

1. A system of electrons with spin angular momentum $5\hbar/2$ along z axis is exposed to a magnetic field of 2 T applied along the same direction. What is the Zeeman splitting of the system? [3]
2. Explain qualitatively how Hund's rules support minimization of Coulomb repulsion. [2]
3. Explain with a diagram to show how the magnetic susceptibility for an antiferromagnet and ferromagnet vary with temperature. Indicate the corresponding transition temperatures in the diagram. [2]
4. In Fe (at. no. 26), d electrons contribute to the magnetic moment of the atoms. The magnetic moments per Fe atom is $\sim 2.2 \mu_B$. Assume that the exchange constant in Fe can be estimated by setting equal to $k_B T_c$ where T_c (Curie Temperature) = 1043 K. Estimate the ratio of the exchange and dipolar coupling of two adjacent Fe atoms in metallic Fe. [3]
5. For a ferromagnet, it can be shown that
$$3k_B T_c = g_J \mu_B (J+1) \lambda M_s.$$
Estimate the Weiss molecular field for Gd ($T_c = 292$ K, $J=S=7/2$). [2]
6. In a cubic crystal, the magnetocrystalline anisotropy energy is given by
$$E = K_1(\alpha_1^2 \alpha_2^2 + \alpha_2^2 \alpha_3^2 + \alpha_1^2 \alpha_3^2) + K_2 \alpha_1^2 \alpha_2^2 \alpha_3^2 + \dots$$
where k 's are anisotropy constants and α 's are the direction cosines. Estimate the value for E for [100] and [111] directions. [1+2]

$$\hbar = 1.054 \times 10^{-34} \text{ Js}, k_B = 1.38 \times 10^{-23} \text{ J/K}, \mu_B = 9.274 \times 10^{-24} \text{ J/T}, \mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ Tm/A}$$

Note: All parameters used in the questions have their usual meanings.